

User Manual

SW-4000T-MCL

3CMOS Prism Linescan Camera

Document Version: 1.0 SW-4000T-MCL_Ver.1.0_Jun.2018

Thank you for purchasing this product.



Be sure to read this manual before use.

This manual includes important safety precautions and instructions on how to operate the unit. Be sure to read this manual to ensure proper operation. The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice for the purpose of improvement.

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Notice

The material contained in this manual consists of information that is proprietary to JAI Ltd., Japan and may only be used by the purchasers of the product. JAI Ltd., Japan makes no warranty for the use of its product and assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear or for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein. JAI Ltd., Japan reserves the right to make changes without notice.

Company and product names mentioned in this manual are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Warranty

For information about the warranty, please contact your factory representative.

Certifications

CE compliance

As defined by the Directive 2004/108/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility), JAI Ltd., Japan declares that SW-4000T-MCL comply with the following provisions applying to its standards.

EN 61000-6-3 (Generic emission standard part 1)

EN 61000-6-2 (Generic immunity standard part 1)

FCC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Warning

Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for FCC compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Supplement

The following statement is related to the regulation on "Measures for the Administration of the control of Pollution by Electronic Information Products", known as "China RoHS". The table shows contained Hazardous Substances in this camera.

mark shows that the environment-friendly use period of contained Hazardous Substances is 15 years.

重要注意事项

有毒,有害物质或元素名称及含量表

根据中华人民共和国信息产业部『电子信息产品污染控制管理办法』,本产品《 有毒,有害物质或元素名称及含量表 》如下.

	有毒有害物质或元素					
部件名称	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
连接插头	×	0	0	0	0	0
电路板	×	0	0	0	0	0
光学滤镜	×	0	×	0	0	0
棱镜	×	0	0	0	0	0
螺丝固定座	×	0	0	0	0	0
机体外壳	×	0	0	0	0	0

- 〇: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006规定的限量要求以下。
- ×: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006规定的限量要求。
- (企业可在此处、根据实际情况对上表中打"×"的技术原因进行进一步说明。)



环保使用期限

电子信息产品中含有的有毒有害物质或元素在正常使用的条件下不会发生外 泄或突变、电子信息产品用户使用该电子信息产品不会对环境造成严重污染 或对基人身、财产造成严重损害的期限。

数字「15」为期限15年。

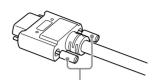
Usage Precautions

Notes on cable configurations

The presence of lighting equipment and television receivers nearby may result in video and audio noise. In such cases, change the cable configurations or placement.

Notes on Camera Link cable connections

Secure the locking screws on the connector manually, and do not use a driver. Do not secure the screws too tightly. Doing so may wear down the screw threads on the camera. (Tightening torque: $0.291\pm0.049~\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$ or less)



Secure manually.

Do not secure too tightly.

Notes on attaching the lens

Avoiding dust particles

When attaching the lens to the camera, stray dust and other particles may adhere to the sensor surface and rear surface of the lens. Be careful of the following when attaching the lens

- Work in a clean environment.
- Do not remove the caps from the camera and lens until immediately before you attach the lens.
- To prevent dust from adhering to surfaces, point the camera and lens downward and do not allow the lens surface to come into contact with your hands or other objects.
- Always use a blower brush to remove any dust that adheres.
 Never use your hands or cloth, blow with your mouth, or use other methods to remove dust.

Phenomena specific to CMOS image sensors

The following phenomena are known to occur on cameras equipped with CMOS image sensors. These do not indicate malfunctions.

Aliasing

When shooting straight lines, stripes, and similar patterns, vertical aliasing (zigzag distortion) may appear on the monitor.

Blooming

When strong light enters the camera, some pixels on the CMOS image sensor may receive much more light than they are designed to hold, causing the accumulated signal charge to overflow into surrounding pixels.

This "blooming" phenomenon can be seen in the image, but does not affect the operation of the camera.

Fixed pattern noise

When shooting dark objects in high-temperature conditions, fixed pattern noise may occur throughout the entire video monitor screen.

• Defective pixels

Defective pixels (white and black pixels) of the CMOS image sensor are minimized at the factory according to shipping standards. However, as this phenomenon can be affected by the ambient temperature, camera settings (e.g., high sensitivity and long exposure), and other factors, be sure to operate within the camera's specified operating environment.

Notes on exportation

When exporting this product, please follow the export regulations of your country or region.

Features

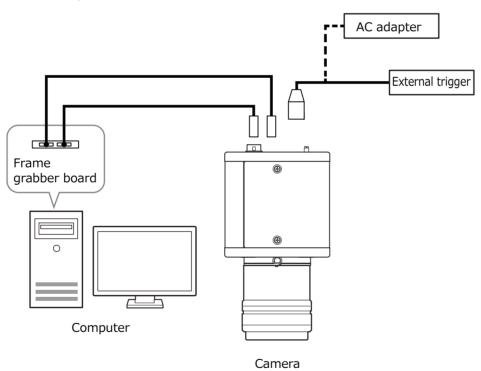
The SW-4000T-MCL is a 3CMOS line scan camera using three 4096 pixel line sensors mounted on a prism, for the R, G and B channels.

The camera has a Camera Link pixel clock of 85 MHz and is capable of high-speed scanning at up to 67.7 kHz (Line Rate). 8-bit and 10-bit video output is possible via Camera Link. Camera and external trigger settings are configured via the Camera Link interface or the 12-pin connector.

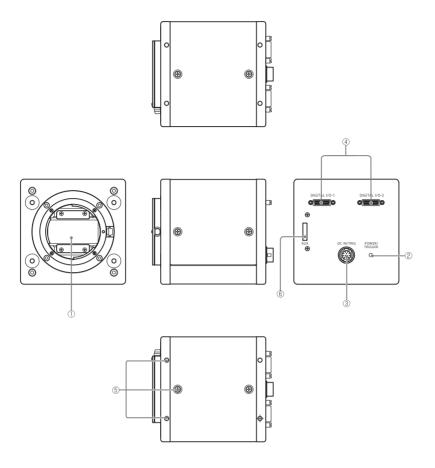
Features overview

- The Camera Link interface can be used for video output and trigger input.
- Prism technology for superior color quality and better color differentiation.
- Selectable pixel size 7.5 μm x 7.5 μm and 7.5 μm x 10.5 μm.
- Supports vertical dual-line binning, 2x horizontal binning, or both.
- HSI, sRGB, Adobe RGB and XYZ color space conversion.
- Support for connection of rotary encoders.
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance.
- GenICam compliant.

Connection example:



Parts Identification



1) Lens mount (M52 mount or F mount)

Mount an M52-mount lens or F-mount lens here.

* Before mounting a lens, be sure to refer to "Step 2: Connecting Devices" (page 12) and confirm the precautions for attaching a lens and the supported lens types.

2 POWER/TRIG LED

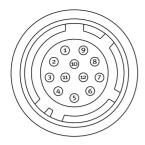
Indicates the power and trigger input status.

LED status and camera status

LED	Light	Status
POWER/TRIG LED	Lit amber	Camera initializing.
	Lit green	Operational and no triggers being input.
	* Blinking green	Operational and triggers being input. The blinking interval is not related to the actual input interval of the external trigger.

3 DC IN / TRIG IN connector (12-pin round)

Connect the cable for a power supply (sold separately) or for DC IN /TRIG IN here.



HR10A-10R-12PB (71) (Hirose Electric or equivalent)

Pin No.	Input/ output	Signal	Description
1		GND	
2	Power In	DC IN	DC 12 V to 24 V ±10%
3		GND	
4		Reserved	External connection not possible
5	In	OPT IN1-	Line5
6	In	OPT IN1+	
7	Out	TTL OUT 4	Line12
8		NC	
9	Out	TTL Out 1	Line1
10	In	TTL In 1	Line4
11	Power In	DC In	+12 V to 24 V ±10%
12		GND	

Caution -

The DC IN / TRIG IN connector, AUX connector or the CC1 of the DIGITAL I/O-1 video output connector will be used for external trigger inputs. You can switch which of these is used via a command.

Compatible connectors

Camera side: HR10A-10R-12PB (71) (Hirose Electric or equivalent) Cable side: HR10A-10P-12S (73) (Hirose Electric or equivalent)

4 DIGITAL I/O-1 and DIGITAL I/O-2 video output connectors

Connect a Cable Link compatible cable here.

Connector 1 (used during Base (RGB8), Medium (RGB8, RGB10), Full (RGB8), 80bit [Deca] (RGB8) output)

Pin No.	Input/ output	Signal	Description
1, 26		Power	Power
2 (-), 15 (+)	Out	TxOUT0	Data output
3 (-), 16 (+)	Out	TxOUT1	Data output
4 (-), 17 (+)	Out	TxOUT2	Data output
5 (-), 18 (+)	Out	TxClk	CL Clock
6 (-), 19 (+)	Out	TxOUT3	Data output
7 (+), 20 (-)	In	SerTC (RxD)	LVDS serial control
8 (-), 21 (+)	Out	SerTFG (TxD)	LVDS serial control
9 (-), 22 (+)	In	CC1	Trigger
10 (-), 23 (+)		CC2	Reserved
11, 24		N.C	
12, 25		N.C	
13, 14	<u>.</u>	Shield	GND

Channel 2 (used during Medium (RGB8, RGB10), Full (RGB8), 80bit [Deca] (RGB8) output)

Pin No.	Input/ output	Signal	Description
1, 26		Power	Power
2 (-), 15 (+)	Out	TxOUT0	Data output
3 (-), 16 (+)	Out	TxOUT1	Data output
4 (-), 17 (+)	Out	TxOUT2	Data output
5 (-), 18 (+)	Out	TxClk	CL Clock
6 (-), 19 (+)	Out	TxOUT3	Data output
7 (+), 20 (-)		Reserved	
8 (-), 21 (+)	Out	TxOut0	Data output
9 (-), 22 (+)	Out	TxOut1	Data output
10 (+), 23 (-)	Out	TxOut2	Data output
11 (-), 24 (+)	Out	TxCLK	CL Clock
12 (+), 25 (-)	Out	TxOut3	Data output
13, 14		Shield	GND

Compatible connectors / cable assembly

Camera side: HDR-EC26FYTG2-SL+ (HONDA)

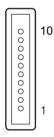
Cable: SDR connector cable for PoCL

❖ The cable length at which communication will be possible will be limited when using a cable that is not compatible with Camera Link, a small diameter type cable or a high flex type cable.

5 Camera locking screw holes (M4, 6 mm depth)

Use this to connect the camera to the system.

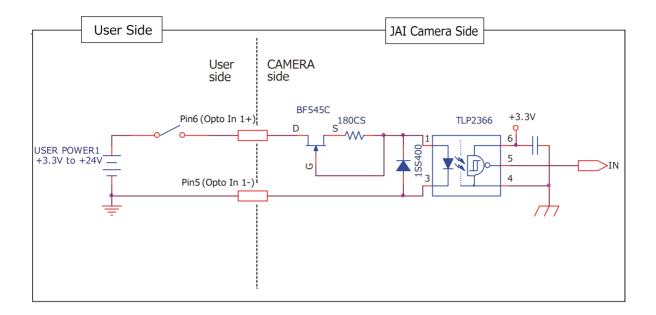
6 AUX connector (10-pin)



Camera side: Equivalent to Hirose Electronic 3260-10S3(55) Cable side: Equivalent to Hirose Electronic 3240-10P-C(50)

Pin No.	Attribute	Name	Description
1	Out	TTL OUT2	Line 8
2	Out	TTL OUT3	Line 9
3	IN	TTL_IN2	Line 10
4		NC	
5	GND	GND	
6	IN	TTL_IN3	Line 13
7		NC	
8		NC	
9	GND	GND	
10	GND	GND	

Recommended external output circuit diagram (reference example) Standard circuit diagram example



Preparation

Preparation Flow

Step 1	Installing the Software (first time only)
	Install the software for configuring and controlling the camera (JAI SDK) on the computer.
Step 2	Connecting Devices
	Connect the lens, Camera Link cable, AC adapter, computer, and other devices.
	•
Step 3	Verifying the Camera's Connection Status
	Verify whether the camera is ready for use via the LEDs at the rear of the camera.
	•
Step 4	Configuring Initial Settings for the Camera
	Configure the Camera Link output port.
	Configure external trigger settings.
	•
Step 5	Configuring Basic Functions
	Configure exposure time, shutter, gain, DSNU, PRNU, and shading correction settings.
	•
Step 6	Configuring Various Other Settings
	Configure various other settings as necessary.
	•
Step 7	Saving the Settings
_	Save the current setting configurations as user memory.

Step 1: Installing the Software (first time only)

When using the camera for the first time, install the software for configuring and controlling the camera (JAI SDK) on the computer.

❖ When you install JAI SDK, JAI Camera Control Tool will also be installed.

1 Download the "JAI - Getting Started Guide" and JAI SDK from the JAI website.

URL http://www.jai.com/en/support/jai_sdk_and_control_tool

2 Refer to the "JAI - Getting Started Guide," and install JAI SDK on the computer.

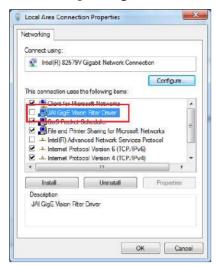
The computer will restart when installation is complete.

Note

When the JAI SDK is installed, a camera driver for the interface is also part of the default installation. This Vision Filter Driver is added to every NIC/port on the host computer. As the driver is also added to the NIC/port for Internet connection, it may affect Internet access speed on some systems. If you think your Internet speed is affected, configure the following settings to disable the filter driver on that port.

① Open [Control Panel] → [Network and Internet] → [Connect to a network], and right-click the port used for Internet connection to open the properties dialog box.

2 Clear the [JAI GigE Vision Filter Driver] checkbox, and save.



3 Verify the settings for using Camera Link.

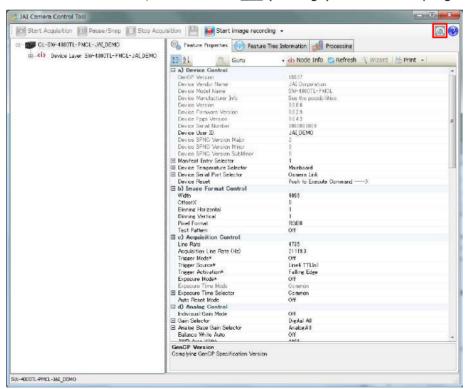
The SW-4000T-MCL supports GenIcam and Gen-CP. Check the following settings when controlling the camera via JAI SDK.

Checking the frame grabber board's settings

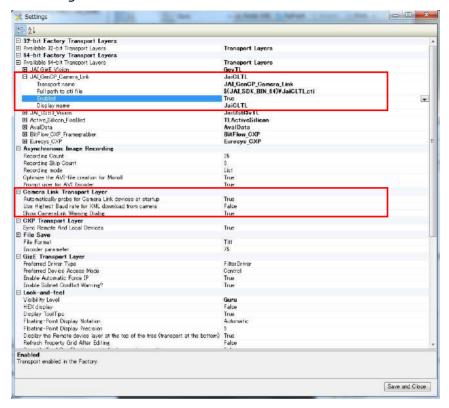
Settings must be configured on the frame grabber board to enable Gen-CP support. For details, refer to the operating instructions for each board.

Checking JAI SDK's settings

1 Start JAI Control Tool, and click the (Settings) icon at the top right.

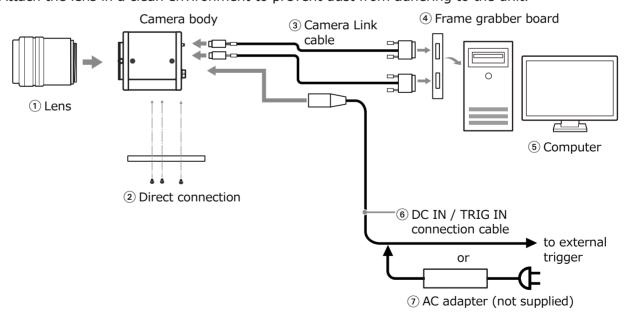


2 Check that the [JAI_GenCP_Camera_Link] and [Camera Link Transport Layer] settings are configured as follows.



Step 2: Connecting Devices

Connect the lens, Camera Link cable, AC adapter, and other necessary devices. Attach the lens in a clean environment to prevent dust from adhering to the unit.



1) Lens

Attach an M52-mount lens or F-mount lens.

Caution

The maximum performance of the camera may not be realized depending on the lens.

Note

The following formula can be used to estimate the focal length.

focal length = WD/(1 + W/w)

WD: Working distance (distance between lens and object)

W: Width of object

w: Width of sensor 30.72 mm on this camera.

2 Direct connection

When mounting the camera directly to another device, for example, use screws that match the camera locking screw holes on the camera. (M4, 6 mm depth) Use the supplied screws to attach the tripod adapter plate.

Caution

For heavy lenses, be sure to support the lens itself. Do not use configurations in which its weight is supported by the camera.

3 Camera Link cable

Connect the Camera Link cables to the DIGITAL I/O-1 and DIGITAL I/O-2 video output connectors.

- Use Cable Link compatible cables.
- Refer to the specifications of the cable for details on its bend radius.
- ❖ For details on the cable, see "4 DIGITAL I/O-1 and DIGITAL I/O-2 video output connectors" (page 8).

Caution

Secure the locking screws on the connector manually, and do not use a driver. Do not secure the screws too tightly. Doing so may wear down the screw threads on the camera. (Tightening torque: $0.291 \pm 0.049 \, \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$ or less)

4 Frame grabber board

Refer to the operating instructions of the frame grabber board, and configure settings on the computer as necessary.

(5) Computer

Use a computer that meets the requirements of your frame grabber board.

6 DC IN / TRIG IN connection cable

② AC adapter (if necessary)

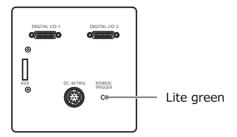
Connect the AC adapter and the round connector of the connection cable to the DC IN / TRIG IN connector on the camera.

Step 3: Verifying the Camera Connection Status

When the necessary devices are connected and power is supplied to the camera, the POWER/TRIG LED at the rear of the camera lights amber, and initialization of the camera starts. When initialization is complete, the POWER/TRIG LED lights green.

Verify whether power is being supplied to the camera and whether the camera is operational by checking the rear LED.

During normal status



❖ For details on how to read the LED, see "LED status and camera status" (page 7) in the "Parts Identification" section.

Note

If the POWER/TRIG LED does not switch to green within minutes of supplying power, check the DC IN/TRIG cable, the Camera Link cable and other connections.

Step 4: Configuring Basic Settings for the Camera

Start Control Tool, connect the camera to the frame grabber board, and configure initial settings for the output format.

Connecting to the Camera to Control Tool

1 Start JAI Control Tool.

Cameras connected to the frame grabber board are detected, and a window appears. If they do not appear, right-click inside the window and select [Search for Cameras].

- **7** Select the camera you want to configure.
- **3** Check that the settings of the selected camera are displayed.

Configuring the Output Format

Configure the pixel format for images.

Item		Default value
ImageFormatControl	PixelFormat	RGB8

Control via External Triggers

When Controlling the Exposure Time Using Specified Exposure Times

Configure the settings as follows.

Item	Setting value / selectable range
TriggerMode	On
TriggerSource (trigger signal source)	Any
TriggerActivation (trigger polarity)	RisingEdge (rising edge of input signal), FallingEdge (falling edge of input signal)
ExposureMode	Timed (control via exposure time)
ExposureTime	Varies depending on the ClConfiguration and CameraLinkClockFrequency settings.

1 Set [ExposureMode] to [Timed].

([Timed] is the default setting.)

7 Specify the exposure time in [ExposureTime].

3 Set [TriggerMode] to [On].

4 If necessary, change the [TriggerSource], and [TriggerActivation] settings.

When Controlling the Exposure Time Using the Pulse Width of the Trigger Input Signal

Configure the settings as follows.

Item	Setting value / selectable range
TriggerMode	On
TriggerSource (trigger signal source)	Any
TriggerActivation (trigger polarity)	LevelHigh (high-level duration), LevelLow (low-level duration)
ExposureMode	TriggerWidth (control via trigger width)

1 Set [TriggerMode] to [On] .

2 Set [ExposureMode] to [TriggerWidth].

When you select [On], [ExposureMode] will be set to [TriggerWidth] automatically.

3 If necessary, change the [TriggerSource] and [TriggerActivation] settings.

Control Without External Triggers

When Controlling the Exposure Time Using Specified Exposure Times

Configure the settings as follows.

Item	Setting value / selectable range
TriggerMode	Off
ExposureMode	Timed (control via exposure time)
ExposureTime	Varies depending on the ClConfiguration and CameraLinkClockFrequency settings.
AcquisitionLineRate	Varies depending on the PixelFormat and ClConfiguration settings.

1 Set [ExposureMode] to [Timed].

([Timed] is the default setting.)

- **7** Set [TriggerMode] to [Off].
- 3 Specify a line period slower than the exposure time in [AcquisitionLineRate].
- **4** Specify the exposure time in [ExposureTime].

When Not Controlling the Exposure Time

Configure the settings as follows.

Item	Setting value / selectable range
ExposureMode	Off

The exposure will be performed with an exposure time equal to 1 / line rate.

Step 5: Adjusting the Image Quality

To maximize the performance of the camera, configure its basic function in the following order.

- 1 Configure the line rate.
 - ❖ For details on this setting, "Variable Line Rate" (page 27) .
- **7** Configure the exposure time.
 - ❖ For details on this setting, "Electronic Shutter" (page 28).

^{*} The exposure time specified in [ExposureTime] will be disabled.

^{*}The line rates and exposure times that can be set will vary depending on the CameraLinkClockFrequency and ClConfiguration settings for Camera Link.

? Perform DSNU correction.

❖ For details on this setting, "Pixel Sensitivity Correction" (page 25).

A Perform PRNU correction.

❖ For details on this setting, "Pixel Sensitivity Correction" (page 25).

5 Adjust the black level.

❖ For details on this setting, "Black Level Correction" (page 27).

6 Adjust the white balance.

Adjust the white balance using the automatic adjustment function.

- Place a white sheet of paper or similar object under the same lighting conditions as the intended subject, and zoom in to capture the white.
 White objects near the subject, such as a white cloth or wall, can also be used.
 Be sure to prevent the high-intensity spot lights from entering the screen.
 The white balance is automatically adjusted.
- 2 Select the [BalanceWhiteAuto] tab, and select [Once]. The white balance is automatically adjusted.

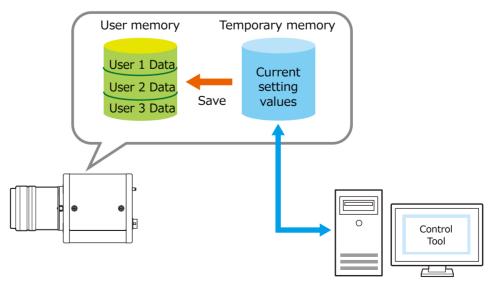
Step 6: Configuring Various Other Settings

See "Settings List" (page 39), and configure settings as necessary.

*We recommend performing DSNU and PRNU calibration again whenever the line rate setting is changed significantly.

Step 7: Saving the Settings

The setting values configured in Control Tool will be deleted when the camera is turned off. By storing current setting values to user memory, you can load and recall them whenever necessary. You can save up to three sets of user memory settings (User 1 Data to User 3 Data).

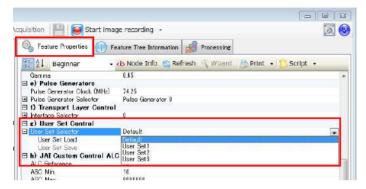


Note

The setting values are not saved to the computer (Control Tool).

■ To save user settings

- **1** Use a frame grabber board application to stop image capture.
- **2** Expand [UserSetControl] and select the save destination ([UserSet1] to [UserSet3]) in [UserSetSelector].



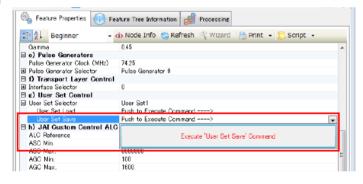
Note

The factory default setting values are stored in [Default] and cannot be overwritten.

Caution -

Settings can only be saved when image capture on the camera is stopped.

Select [UserSetSave], and click [Execute 'User Set Save' Command].



The current setting values are saved as user settings.

■ To load user settings

- **1** Use a frame grabber board application to stop image capture.

 User settings can only be loaded when image capture on the camera is stopped.
- **2** Select the settings to load (Default, and UserSet1 to UserSet3) in [UserSetSelector].
- **3** Select [UserSetLoad], and click [Execute 'User Set Load' Command]. The selected user settings are loaded.

❖ The next time the unit is started up, the settings selected in [UserSetSelector] will be loaded automatically.

Basic Function Matrix

Valid Input/Output Combinations

The following signals can be used as sources for each output destination (TriggerSelector, LineSelector, PulseGeneratorSelector).

The combinations of source signals and output destinations are indicated in the following.

	Selector						t destin	ation				
`	(Cross point switch				LineSe	elector			PulseGeneratorSelector			
(C	urce signal ross point switch out)	Line Start	Line1-TTLOut1	Line8-TTLOut2	Line9-TTLOut3	Line12-TTLOut4	NANDO	NAND1	Pulse Generator0	Pulse Generator1	Pulse Generator2	Pulse Generator3
	Low	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	High	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line 4(TTL Input1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line 5(Opto In1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line 7(CL CC1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line 10(TTL Input2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Line 13(TTL Input3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Signals	Encoder trigger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
nals	UserOutput0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ιđ	UserOutput1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
use	UserOutput2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
as:	UserOutput3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
out	Pulse Generator0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
as output	Pulse Generator1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
	Pulse Generator2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
	Pulse Generator3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×
	Nand0 out	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0
	Nand1 out	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0
	Exposure Active	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LVAL	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EncoderDirection	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Trigger LineSelector PulseGeneratorSelector Use					ctor					

: Indicates default values for each selector.

Main Functions

GPIO (Digital Input/Output Settings)

The unit can input/output the following signals to and from external input/output connectors.

External	TTL Out1 (Line1)	12-pin
output	TTL Out4 (Line12)	12-pin
	TTL Out2 (Line8)	10-pin
	TTL Out3 (Line9)	10-pin
External input	TTL IN1 (Line4)	12-pin
	Opt IN- (Line5)	12-pin
	Opt IN+ (Line5)	12-pin
	TTL IN2 (Line10)	10-pin
	TTL IN3 (Line13)	10-pin
	CC1 (Line7)	Camera Link cable

These signals can be used as triggers and other necessary signals within the camera or as signals output from the camera to the system, such as those used for lighting equipment control.

Signals are selected as follows.

- When using external signals or the signals of each GPIO module as trigger signals: Select in [TriggerSelector] > [TriggerSource].
- When selecting the signals to use for external outputs: Select in [LineSelector] > [LineSource].

Camera Output Formats

The SW-4000T-MCL supports two output formats (RGB8 and RGB10).

The ClConfiguration and PixelFormat settings on the camera side and the frame grabber board side must match. For details on frame grabber board settings, refer to the instruction manual of the board.

ClConfiguration	PixelFormat
Base	RGB8
Medium	RGB8, RGB10
Full	RGB8
80 bit (Deca)	RGB8

■ Maximum cable length reference

The maximum Camera Link cable length is 10 m. However, if the ClPixelClock is 85 MHz, the maximum Camera Link cable length is 7 m. *1

^{*1} The maximum length of cable you can use will also vary depending on type and maker.

■ ClConfiguration Base / PixelFormat RGB8

Connetor1

PortA PortB PortC

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	٠.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
1	2		4							11	12	13	14		16	

Connetor1

Port / bit		
Port A1 R1 Port A2 R2 Port A3 R3 Port A4 R4 Port A5 R5 Port A6 R6 Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port A2 R2 Port A3 R3 Port A4 R4 Port A5 R5 Port A6 R6 Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A0	R0
Port A3 R3 Port A4 R4 Port A5 R5 Port A6 R6 Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A1	R1
Port A4 R4 Port A5 R5 Port A6 R6 Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A2	R2
Port A5 R5 Port A6 R6 Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A3	R3
Port A6 R6 Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A4	R4
Port A7 R7 Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A5	R5
Port B0 G0 Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A6	R6
Port B1 G1 Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port A7	R7
Port B2 G2 Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B0	G0
Port B3 G3 Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B1	G1
Port B4 G4 Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B2	G2
Port B5 G5 Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B3	G3
Port B6 G6 Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B4	G4
Port B7 G7 Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B5	G5
Port C0 B0 Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B6	G6
Port C1 B1 Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port B7	G7
Port C2 B2 Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port C0	В0
Port C3 B3 Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port C1	B1
Port C4 B4 Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port C2	B2
Port C5 B5 Port C6 B6	Port C3	В3
Port C6 B6	Port C4	B4
	Port C5	B5
Port C7 B7	Port C6	В6
	Port C7	B7

■ ClConfiguration Medium / PixelFormat RGB8

Connector1

PortA PortB PortC Connector2

PortD PortE PortF

2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 · · · 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 · · · 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 · ·

Connector1

Port / bit	Custom
Port A0	R0
Port A1	R1
Port A2	R2
Port A3	R3
Port A4	R4
Port A5	R5
Port A6	R6
Port A7	R7
Port B0	G0
Port B1	G1
Port B2	G2
Port B3	G3
Port B4	G4
Port B5	G5
Port B6	G6
Port B7	G7
Port C0	В0
Port C1	B1
Port C2	B2
Port C3	B3
Port C4	B4
Port C5	B5
Port C6	B6
Port C7	B7

Port / bit	Custom
Port D0	R0
Port D1	R1
Port D2	R2
Port D3	R3
Port D4	R4
Port D5	R5
Port D6	R6
Port D7	R7
Port E0	G0
Port E1	G1
Port E2	G2
Port E3	G3
Port E4	G4
Port E5	G5
Port E6	G6
Port E7	G7
Port F0	B0
Port F1	B1
Port F2	B2
Port F3	B3
Port F4	B4
Port F5	B5
Port F6	B6
Port F7	B7

■ ClConfiguration Medium / PixelFormat RGB10

Connector1 PortA PortB PortC 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 PortC PortE PortE PortF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 PortF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1

Connector1

Port / bit	30-bit RGB
Port A0	R0
Port A1	R1
Port A2	R2
Port A3	R3
Port A4	R4
Port A5	R5
Port A6	R6
Port A7	R7
Port B0	R8
Port B1	R9
Port B2	-
Port B3	-
Port B4	B8
Port B5	B9
Port B6	-
Port B7	-
Port C0	В0
Port C1	B1
Port C2	B2
Port C3	B3
Port C4	B4
Port C5	B5
Port C6	B6
Port C7	B7

Port / bit	30-bit RGB
Port D0	-
Port D1	-
Port D2	-
Port D3	-
Port D4	-
Port D5	-
Port D6	-
Port D7	-
Port E0	G0
Port E1	G1
Port E2	G2
Port E3	G3
Port E4	G4
Port E5	G5
Port E6	G6
Port E7	G7
Port F0	G8
Port F1	G9
Port F2	-
Port F3	-
Port F4	-
Port F5	-
Port F6	-
Port F7	-

■ ClConfiguration Full / PixelFormat RGB8

Connector1 PortB
PortC

1 3 6 9 11 14 · 1 4 6 9 12 14 · 1 4 7 9 12 15 ·

PortD PortE Connector2 PortF PortG

PortH

2 5 7 10 13 15 2 5 8 10 13 16 3 5 8 11 13 16

Connector1

Comm	500011
Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port A0	R0
Port A1	R1
Port A2	R2
Port A3	R3
Port A4	R4
Port A5	R5
Port A6	R6
Port A7	R7
Port B0	G0
Port B1	G1
Port B2	G2
Port B3	G3
Port B4	G4
Port B5	G5
Port B6	G6
Port B7	G7
Port C0	В0
Port C1	B1
Port C2	B2
Port C3	B3
Port C4	B4
Port C5	B5
Port C6	В6
Port C7	B7

Connector2

Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port D0	R0
Port D1	R1
Port D2	R2
Port D3	R3
Port D4	R4
Port D5	R5
Port D6	R6
Port D7	R7
Port E0	G0
Port E1	G1
Port E2	G2
Port E3	G3
Port E4	G4
Port E5	G5
Port E6	G6
Port E7	G7
Port F0	В0
Port F1	B1
Port F2	B2
Port F3	B3
Port F4	B4
Port F5	B5
Port F6	B6
Port F7	B7

Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port G0	R0
Port G1	R1
Port G2	R2
Port G3	R3
Port G4	R4
Port G5	R5
Port G6	R6
Port G7	R7
Port H0	G0
Port H1	G1
Port H2	G2
Port H3	G3
Port H4	G4
Port H5	G5
Port H6	G6
Port H7	G7

■ ClConfiguration EightyBit / PixelFormat RGB8

Connector1	PortA PortB PortC	1	4 4 5	7 8 8	11 11 11	14 14 15	
	PortD	2	5	8	12	15	١
Connector2	PortE	2	5	9	12	15	
	PortF	2	6	9	12	16	
	PortG	3	6	9	13	16	
	PortH	3	6	10	13	16	
	Port i	3	7	10	13	• •	•
	PortJ	4	7	10	14	٠.	

Connector1

Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port A0	R0
Port A1	R1
Port A2	R2
Port A3	R3
Port A4	R4
Port A5	R5
Port A6	R6
Port A7	R7
Port B0	G0
Port B1	G1
Port B2	G2
Port B3	G3
Port B4	G4
Port B5	G5
Port B6	G6
Port B7	G7
Port C0	B0
Port C1	B1
Port C2	B2
Port C3	B3
Port C4	B4
Port C5	B5
Port C6	B6
Port C7	B7

Connector2

Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port D0	R0
Port D1	R1
Port D2	R2
Port D3	R3
Port D4	R4
Port D5	R5
Port D6	R6
Port D7	R7
Port E0	G0
Port E1	G1
Port E2	G2
Port E3	G3
Port E4	G4
Port E5	G5
Port E6	G6
Port E7	G7
Port F0	В0
Port F1	B1
Port F2	B2
Port F3	В3
Port F4	B4
Port F5	B5
Port F6	B6
Port F7	B7

5 . /	2411.000
Port / bit	24-bit RGB
Port G0	R0
Port G1	R1
Port G2	R2
Port G3	R3
Port G4	R4
Port G5	R5
Port G6	R6
Port G7	R7
Port H0	G0
Port H1	G1
Port H2	G2
Port H3	G3
Port H4	G4
Port H5	G5
Port H6	G6
Port H7	G7
Port IO	В0
Port I1	B1
Port I2	B2
Port I3	В3
Port I4	B4
Port I5	B5
Port I6	B6
Port I7	B7
Port J0	R0
Port J1	R1
Port J2	R2
Port J3	R3
Port J4	R4
Port J5	R5
Port J6	R6
Port J7	R7

Exposure Mode

The following operation modes are available on the camera.

Operation mode					
Exposure Mode	Trigger Mode				
OFF	OFF				
	ON				
Timed	OFF				
	ON				
TriggerWidth	ON				

Image Output Timing

Trigger Control

The camera allows Line Start trigger controls to be performed via external trigger signals. The Line Start trigger allows exposure control via the trigger signal inputs.

❖ The settings for exposure control and triggers are related to each other. Be sure to configure the settings described in "Connecting to the Camera to Control Tool" (page 14).

Shortest Repetition Period for Triggers

Trigger Mode ON, full resolution

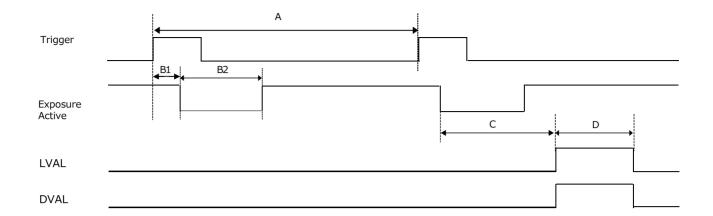
	Shortest period (µs)	
Exposure Mode OFF	Camera Link	
	12-pin]
Exposure Mode Timed	Camera Link	Varies depending on the Tap
	12-pin	Geometry and CL Clock settings.
Exposure Mode Trigger Width	Camera Link	Jettings.
(PWC)	12-pin	

Shortest Trigger Pulse Width

Trigger Mode ON

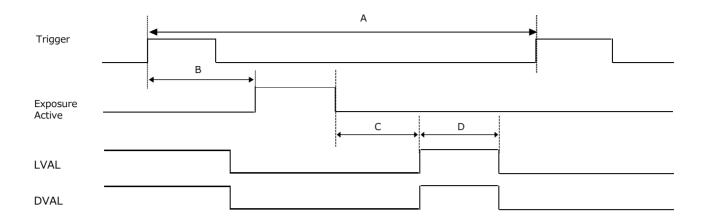
Camera Link	TTL In
3 µs	50 ns

■ When [Exposure Mode] is [Off]



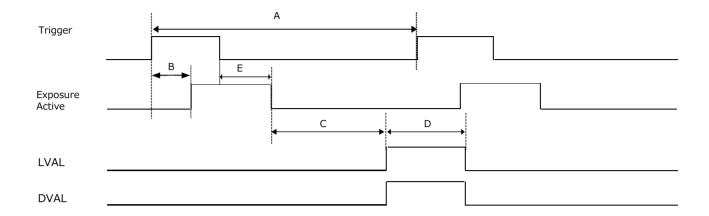
CL Configuration	PixelFormat	CL Clock (MHz)	Trigger Period (µs) [A]	Delay Time from Trigger to Exposure Active (ns) [B1]	Exposure Active Non Active (µs) [B2]	Period from Exposure Active Falling to LVAL rising (µs) [C]	LVAL ACTIVE (µs) [D]
		42.5	97.58	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	96.8
Base	RGB8	63.75	65.06	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	64.5
		85	48.80	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	48.4
		42.5	48.80	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	48.4
	RGB8	63.75	32.54	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	32.2
		85	24.41	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	24.2
Medium		42.5	97.58	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	96.8
	RGB10	63.75	65.06	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	64.5
		85	48.80	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	48.4
		42.5	36.64	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	36.3
Full	RGB8	63.75	24.43	224~245	3.23~3.25	47	24.2
		85	18.33	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	18.1
Eighty Bit		42.5	29.32	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	29.0
	RGB8	63.75	19.55	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	19.4
		85	14.67	224~246	3.23~3.25	47	14.5

■ When [Exposure Mode] is [Timed]



CL Configuration	PixelFormat	CL Clock (MHz)	Trigger Period (µs) [A]	Delay Time from Trigger to Exposure Active (ns) [B]	Period from Exposure Active Falling to LVAL rising (µs) [C]	LVAL ACTIVE (µs) [D]
		42.5	97.10	165~186	47	96.8
Base	RGB8	63.75	64.74	165~186	47	64.5
		85	48.56	165~186	47	48.4
		42.5	48.86	165~186	47	48.4
	RGB8	63.75	32.58	165~186	47	32.2
Medium		85	24.44	165~186	47	24.2
Medium		42.5	97.10	165 ~ 186	47	96.8
	RGB10	63.75	64.74	165 ~ 186	47	64.5
		85	48.56	165~186	47	48.4
		42.5	36.80	165~186	47	36.3
Full	RGB8	63.75	24.54	165 ~ 186	47	24.2
		85	18.41	165~186	47	18.1
		42.5	29.52	165~186	47	29.0
Eighty Bit	RGB8	63.75	19.69	165~186	47	19.4
		85	14.77	165~186	47	14.5

■ When [Exposure Mode] is [Trigger Width]



CL Configuration	PixelFormat	CL Clock (MHz)	Trigger Period (µs) [A]	Delay Time from Trigger to Exposure Active (ns) [B]	Exposure Active Non Active (ns) [E]	Period from Exposure Active Falling to LVAL rising (µs) [C]	LVAL ACTIVE (µs) [D]
		42.5	97.58	165~186	225~247	47~48	96.8
Base	RGB8	63.75	65.06	165~186	225~247	47	64.5
		85	48.80	165~186	225~247	47	48.4
		42.5	48.80	165~186	225~247	47~48	48.4
	RGB8	63.75	32.54	165~186	225~247	47	32.2
Medium		85	24.41	165~186	225~247	47	24.2
Medium	Medium RGB10	42.5	97.58	165~186	225~247	47~50	96.8
		63.75	65.06	165~186	225~247	47	64.5
	85	48.80	165~186	225~247	47	48.4	
		42.5	36.64	165~186	225~246	47~48	36.3
Full	RGB8	63.75	24.43	165~186	225~246	47	24.2
		85	18.33	165~186	225~246	47	18.1
		42.5	29.32	165~186	225~246	47~48	29.0
Eighty Bit	RGB8	63.75	19.55	165~186	225~247	47	19.4
		85	14.67	165~186	225~246	47	14.5

Pixel Sensitivity Correction

Correct variations between the sensor's pixels.

Calibration must be performed within the camera and correction data must be created beforehand.

DSNU (PixelBlackCorrect) / PRNU (PixelGainCorrect) can be reduced using that correction data.

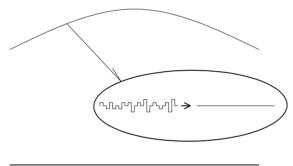
We recommend performing calibration and creating correction data whenever the line rate setting is changed significantly.

- Correction data is saved for DSNU (PixelBlackCorrect) / PRNU (PixelGainCorrect) according to the conditions adjusted at the factory.
 - Perform calibration whenever changing setting, such as the AquisitionLineRate setting, and use the correction data for DSNU (PixelBlackCorrect) / PRNU (PixelGainCorrect).
- ❖ Perform DSNU (PixelBlackCorrect) calibration again whenever the exposure time or analog base gain value is adjusted.
- ❖ A single correction data entry can be saved on the camera for each user.

 When calibration is performed, the correction data is saved to the non-volatile ROM at the same time.

PRNU Correction (PixelGainCorrect)

PRNU (photo response non-uniformity) is a variation between pixels generated by the sensor under bright conditions. If the line rate is slowed or a long exposure time is set, the dark current in the sensor may change and the state of the PRNU may change.



DSNU Correction (PixelBlackCorrect)

DSNU (dark signal non-uniformity) is a variation between pixels in the dark areas generated by the sensor. If the line rate is slowed or a long exposure time is set, the dark current in the sensor may change and the state of the DSNU may change.



Gain Control

The following gain functions are available on the camera.

- Analog base gain
- Digital gain

■ Analog base gain

Analog base gain (ABG) is gain that is performed to the analog video signal output from the sensor.

The gain steps can be configured to one of three levels (0 dB, 6 dB, 12 dB).

■ Two digital gain control modes

Two digital gain control modes are available; a mode where you adjust the master gain and then perform fine adjustment for R and B (MasterMode), and a mode where R, G, and B gain are adjusted individually (IndividualMode).

MasterMode

Set [IndividualGainMode] to [Off], and adjust the gain by configuring the following three items.

DigitalAll $\times 1$ to $\times 8$ (0 dB to 18 dB)

DigitalRed $\times 0.4$ to $\times 4.0$ (-7.96 dB to 12 dB) DigitalBlue $\times 0.4$ to $\times 4.0$ (-7.96 dB to 12 dB)

IndividualMode

Set [IndividualGainMode] to [On], and adjust the gain by configuring the following three items.

DigitalGreen $\times 1$ to $\times 16$ (0 dB to 24 dB) DigitalRed $\times 1$ to $\times 16$ (0 dB to 24 dB) DigitalBlue $\times 1$ to $\times 16$ (0 dB to 24 dB)

The following two gain values are added together for the total gain value.

Total Gain = AnalogBaseGain (dB) + DigitalGain (dB)

LUT (Lookup Table) / Gamma Function

The LUT function is used to generate a non-linear mapping between signal values captured on the sensor and those that are output from the camera.

The gamma function corrects the output signals from the camera beforehand (reverse correction), taking into consideration the light-emitting properties of the monitor display. The Gamma, LUT, and OFF settings can be selected on this camera. When OFF is selected, $\gamma 1$ (linear) sensitivity is applied.

The factory default setting is OFF.

■ Gamma

When [Gamma] is set, you can switch the curve characteristics by 9 steps.

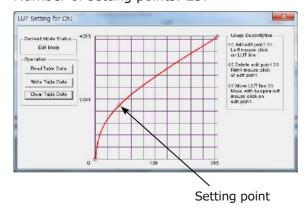
1.0, 0.9, 0.8, 0.75, 0.65, 0.6, 0.55, 0.5, 0.45

■ LUT

In this mode, the sensitivity curve can be configured.

Setting range: 0 to 4095LSB (100%)

Number of setting points: 257



Shading Correction

The shading correction is a function that corrects non-uniformity (i.e., shading) in the amount of light generated by the lens and lighting equipment.

The following shading correction modes are available on the camera.

■ Flat shading correction

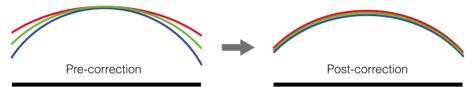
The range of brightness that can be corrected is within $\pm 30\%$ of the region with the highest signal level on one line.



- Complete correction may not be possible depending on the optical system and light source you are using.
- * Data based on corrections performed under factory conditions is stored for this function.

■ Color shading correction

R-channel and B-channel properties are adjusted by using the G-channel shading properties as a reference.



■ To perform the shading function

The function is turned ON/OFF via serial communication.

This function is not dependent on the operation mode, but is effective when used during actual use.

❖ You can also save the setting and have it applied whenever the power is subsequently turned on. For details on saving the setting, see "Step 7: Saving the Settings" (page 17).

Black Level Correction

Black level correction is a function for adjusting the setup level.

When this function is used, the following is performed for the gain mode setting.

DigitalAll -133 to +255 LSB@12-bit DigitalRed -64 to +64 LSB@12-bit DigitalBlue -64 to +64 LSB@12-bit

Variable Line Rate

You can set the line rate to 1L or more.

This function can be used to match the scanning speed of the camera to the feeding speed of the object or to lengthen the accumulation time to increase sensitivity.

- Variable range: 66 Hz to 67.7 kHz* (14.77 µs to 15.15 ms*)
- Variable unit: 0.1 Hz
- Supported operation modes: Exposure Mode OFF / Trigger OFF Exposure Mode Timed / Trigger OFF
- ❖If AcquisitionLineRateOption is mode2(Default), the maximum line rate is limited to 56.338kHz.
- ❖You can also save the setting and have it applied whenever the power is subsequently turned on, but this requires additional operations.
- Switching and settings storage for this function is performed via serial communication.

❖ The black level will change depending on the line rate, so be sure to readjust the black level after changing the line rate or trigger period.

Electronic Shutter

When you use this function, you can set the exposure to a preconfigured accumulation time, regardless of the line rate.

Variable range: 3 µs to 15.15 ms
Variable unit: 0.01 µs (1clk)

• Supported operation modes: When Trigger Mode ON, Exposure Mode Timed

Caution

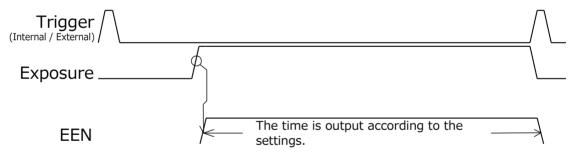
In "Trigger Mode OFF, Exposure Mode Timed" mode, the line rate configured will be the maximum value at which the shutter operates. However, in "Trigger Mode ON, Exposure Mode Timed" mode, the input trigger period will be the maximum value.

❖ You can also save the setting and have it applied whenever the power is subsequently turned on, but this requires additional operations.

EEN (Exposure Enable) Function

Perform external output for the timing at which video is accumulated to the sensor. The signal is output to the DC IN / TRIG IN connector (12-pin round) and the DIGITAL I/O-1 video output connector (Camera Link).

Example: Output to the DIGITAL I/O-1 video output connector (Camera Link)



Test Pattern Function

You can display the following types of test patterns (Off, White, GrayPattern1, GrayPattern2, ColorBar). Video output is not possible while a test pattern is being executed. This function is not dependent on gain and offset values that have already been configured, and output is performed in the following states.

- ❖ Switching for this function is performed via serial communication.
- This function cannot be saved as the initial state of the camera.

Color Space Conversion (Color Transformation Control)

This camera allows you to convert the standard color space (RGB) that is used to produce colors into other color spaces, including XYZ and HSI.

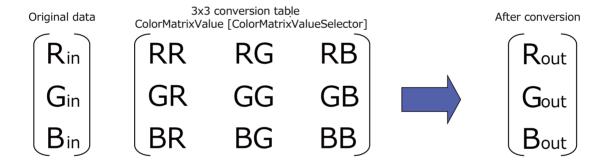
Five color spaces are available: RGB(sRGB), RGB(AdobeRGB), RGB(UserCustom), XYZ, and HSI.

Specify the desired color space by configuring ColorTransofrmationMode and ColorTransformationRGBMode as follows.

Color space	ColorTransformationMode	ColorTransformationRGBMode
RGB(sRGB)	RGB	sRGB
RGB(AdobeRGB)	RGB	AdobeRGB
RGB(UserCustom)	RGB UserCustom	
XYZ	XYZ	Off
HSI	HSI	Off
Default	RGB	Off

■ Note on RGB(UserCustom)

This allows you to use user configured 3x3 conversion tables to perform color space conversion.



Caution -

If you set the color space to XYZ or HSI, JAI Control Tool will not display the images captured by the camera properly. To display them properly, XYZ- or HSI-compatible image processing must be performed on the computer side.

Configuring the 3x3 conversion table

Specify one of the nine items that are the components to the 3×3 conversion table in [ColorMatrixValueSelector], and specify a value from -2 to +2 in [ColorMatrixValue].

Item	Setting value / selectable range	Description
ColorMatrixValueSelector	ColorMatrixR-R, ColorMatrixR-G, ColorMatrixG-R, ColorMatrixG-G, ColorMatrixG-B, ColorMatrixB-R, ColorMatrixB-R, ColorMatrixB-G, ColorMatrixB-B	Select the ColorMatrix setting component for UserCustom.
ColorMatrixValue	-2 to 2	Specify the ColorMatrix value.

Note

Color space (HSI)

Value of Hue: For 0°-360°, specify as follows.

8bit output: 2°/step 0°(00000000) \sim 360°(10110100) 10bit output: 0.5°/step 0°(0000000000) \sim 360°(1011010000) 12bit output: 0.125°/step 0°(00000000000) \sim 360°(101101000000)

Value of Saturation, Intensity: For 0% - 100%, specify as follows.

8bit output: $0\%(0000000) \sim 100\%(11111111)$ 10bit output : $0\%(0000000) \sim 100\%(111111111)$ 12bit output : $0\%(0000000) \sim 100\%(11111111111)$

Counter And Timer Control Function

This camera supports only the counter function.

The counter function counts up change points in the camera's internal signals using the camera's internal counter, and reads that information from the host side. This function is useful for verifying error conditions via the count value using internal camera operations. Four counters are available on the camera; Counter0, Counter1, Counter2, and Counter3. The functions that can be counted are fixed for each counter.

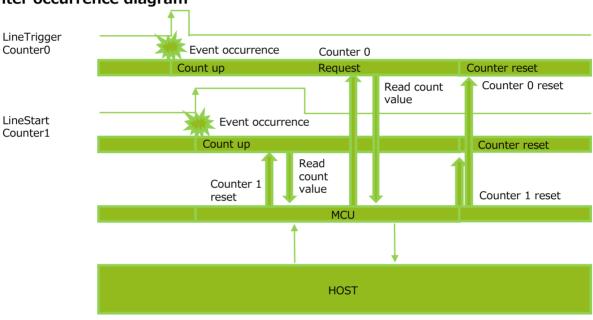
Counter0: Counts the number of LineTrigger instances.

Counter1: Counts the number of LineStart instances.

Counter2: Counts the number of ExposureStart instances.

Counter3: Counts the number of LineTransferEnd instances.

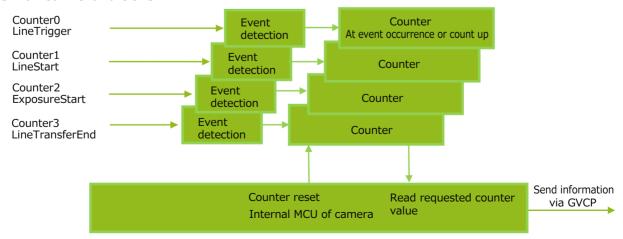
■ Counter occurrence diagram



Note -

You can reset a specific counter's count value by executing CounterReset [Counter0, Counter1, Counter2, Counter3].

■ Internal camera blocks



■ To use the counter function

Configure the settings as follows.

Four counters are available. Specify a counter (Counter0 to Counter3), and configure the settings.

Item	Setting value / selectable range	Description
Counter 0 to 3	Counter 0 to 3	Select the counter.
CounterEventSource	Counter0 Off, LineTrigger Counter1 Off, LineStart Counter2 Off, ExposureStart Counter3 Off, LineTransferEnd	Select the counter event signal for which to read the count value. When set to Off, the counter operation will stop (but will not be reset).
CounterEventActivation	RisingEdge (fixed)	Specify the timing at which to count.

Chromatic Aberration Correction

This Function corrects for the chromatic aberration of magnification caused by the lens (i.e., when the size of the image differs at the focal point for each color (RGB)). You can save correction data for three types of lenses.

This function assumes that the amount of deviation between the left and right is identical. If the amount of deviation between the left and right is not identical, correction will not be performed properly. Specify the number of pixels to delay or advance the R channel and B channel using the G channel as a reference. The correction range is -4.0 to +4.0 in steps of 0.1.

Adjustment procedure

1 Correct the R channel.

Set [ChromaticAberrationCorrectionSelecter] to [RChannel].
 Specify the amount of correction in [ChromaticAberrationCorrectionLens1,2,3]
 (-4.0 to +4.0 in steps of 0.1).

2 Similarly, correct the B channel.

Set [ChromaticAberrationCorrectionSelecter] to [BChannel]. Specify the amount of correction in [ChromaticAberrationCorrectionLens1,2,3] (-4.0 to +4.0 in steps of 0.1).

2 Enable the chromatic aberration of magnification correction function.

Set [ChromaticAberrationCorrectionMode] to [On].
Alternatively, select preset Lens1, Lens2, or Lens3.

Connecting Rotary Encoders

This camera can generate trigger signals or detect the scanning direction of the subject in response to signals output from the rotary encoder.

Adjustment procedure

- 1 Input the two signals (phase A and phase B) from the rotary encoder. Select which I/O on the camera (Line5:OptIn1, Line4:TTLIn1, Line10:TTLIn2, Line13:TTLIn3) you want to input each of the two outputs from the rotary encoder [phase A (EncoderSourceA), phase B (EncoderSourceB)].
- 2 Specify the number of triggers (number of vertical lines) to generate during each rotation of the rotary encoder.
 - When [EncoderDivider] is set to [N], the rotary encoder generates 65536/N triggers.
- 3 If necessary, enable the low-pass filter for the signal to prevent unintended operations due to signal noise from the rotary encoder.
 - Specify the number of cycles from a range of 0 to 15 (0 to 150 ns).
- If necessary, specify the strobe length of the generated signal.

 When [EncoderStrobe] is set to [M], the strobe length will be [M]×10 ns.

Settings List

For details on the ASCII Command List, visit the product page (SW-4000T-MCL) on our website.

Control Tool

: Settings that can only be configured when image capture on the camera is stopped.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
a) DeviceControl			
DeviceVendorName	_	"JAI Ltd., Japan"	Display the manufacturer name.
DeviceModelName	_	SW-4000T- MCL	Display the model name.
DeviceManufacturerInfo	_	"See the possibilities"	Display the manufacturer information.
DeviceVersion	_	_	Display the device version.
DeviceFirmwareVersion	_	_	Display the firmware version.
DeviceFpgaVersion	_	_	Display the FPGA version.
DeviceSerialNumber	_	_	Display the camera's unique serial number.
DeviceUserID	Any	_	Display the user ID for the camera.
DeviceSFNCVersionMajor	2	2	Display the SFNC Major version.
DeviceSFNCVersionMinor	3	3	Display the SFNC Minor version.
DeviceSFNCVersionSubMinor	0	0	Display the SFNC Sub Minor version
DeviceManifestEntrySelector	XML1	XML1	Display the valid XML file information.
DeviceTemperatureSelector	Mainboard	Mainboard	Display the location of the temperature sensor inside the camera.
DeviceTemperature	_	_	Display the internal temperature $(^{\circ}C)$ of the camera.
DeviceSerialPortSelector	CameraLink	CameraLink	Fixed at CameraLink.
DeviceSerialPortBaudRate	Baud9600, Baud19200, Baud38400, Baud57600, Baud115200	_	Display the baud rate for the serial board.
DeviceReset	_	_	Reset the device.
b) ImageFormatControl			Configure image format settings.
Width	BinningHorizontal 1: 16 to 4096 (steps of 16) BinningHorizontal 2: 8 to 2048 (steps of 8)	4096	Set the image width.
OffsetX	BinningHorizontal 1: 0 to 4080 (steps of 16) BinningHorizontal 2: 0 to 2040 (steps of 8)	0	Set the horizontal offset.
BinningHorizontal	1, 2	1	Set the number of pixels in the horizontal direction for which to perform binning.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
BinningVertical	1, 2	1	Set the number of pixels in the vertical direction for which to perform binning.
PixelFormat	RGB8, RGB10	RGB8	The selectable options for [PixelFormat] differs depending on the [ClConfiguration] setting. Base, Full, EightyBit: RGB8 onlyMedium: RGB8, RGB10
TestPattern	Off, White, GrayPattern1(Ramp), GrayPattern2(Stripe), ColorBar	Off	Select the test image.
SensorType	ТуреА, ТуреВ	ТуреА	Select the pixel size. TypeA: 7.5 um × 7.5 um TypeB: 7.5 um × 10.5 um
c) AcquisitionControl			Configure image capture settings.
AcquisitionLineRate	66 to 67702 (steps of 0.1)	66	Set the AcquisitionLineRate(Hz).
TriggerMode	Off, On	Off	Select the trigger mode. When [ExposureMode] is set to [TriggerWidth], [TriggerMode] is automatically set to [On].
TriggerSource	Low, High, PulseGenerator 0, PulseGenerator 1, PulseGenerator 2, PulseGenerator 3, UserOutput 0, UserOutput 1, UserOutput 2, UserOutput 3, Line4-TTLIn1, Line5-OptIn1, Line7-CC1, Line10- TTL In2, NANDOOut, NAND1Out, Line13- TTL In3, EncoderTriger		Select the trigger signal source.
TriggerActivation	Rising Edge, FallingEdge, LevelHigh, LevelLow	Falling Edge (falling edge of input signal)	Select the polarity of the trigger signal (i.e., location of signal at which trigger is applied).
ExposureMode	Off, Timed, TriggerWidth	Timed	Select the exposure mode.
ExposureTimeMode	Common, Individual	Common	Select the Common Exposure configuration method.
ExposureTimeSelector	Common, Red, Green, Blue	Common	Select the sensor for which to configure the ExposureTime. To share the same setting value for the three sensors, select Common.
ExposureTime	300 to 1514908	_	Set the exposure time (0.01 µs).

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
AutoReset	Off, On	Off	After trigger input is interrupted for a prolonged period (52 msec or more TBD) when [ExposureMode] is set to [Off] and [TriggerMode] is set to [On], the over-exposed image exposed during the interruption is output after the first trigger input after resumption. When AutoReset mode is enabled, LVAL and DVAL images are not output during interruption, and LVAL and DVAL image output is resumed after the second trigger input.
RBExposureInterlocked	Off, On	Off	If set to On, you can change Green while maintaining white balance
AcquisitionLineRateMin	_	_	Check the minimum value of AcquisitionLineRate.
ExposureTimeMin	_	-	Check the minimum value of ExposureTime.
ExposureTimeMax	_	_	Check the maximum value of ExposureTime.
d) AnalogControl			Configure analog control settings.
IndividualGainMode	Off, On	Off	In IndividualGainMode, RGB can be configured individually for the entire gain adjustment range of the sensor.
GainSelector	When [IndividualGainMode] is [On]: DigitalGreen, DigitalRed, DigitalBlue When [IndividualGainMode] is [Off]: DigitalAll, DigitalBlue		Select the gain to configure.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
Gain	When [IndividualGainMode] is [On]: DigitalGreen ×1.0 to ×16.0 (steps of 0.000122) DigitalRed ×1.0 to ×16.0 (steps of 0.000122) DigitalBlue ×1.0 to ×16.0 (steps of 0.000122) When [IndividualGainMode] is [Off]: DigitalAll ×1.0 to ×8.0 (steps of 0.000122) DigitalRed ×0.4 to ×4.0 (steps of 0.000122) DigitalBlue ×0.4 to ×4.0 (steps of 0.000122)	1	Set the gain value for the gain setting selected in [GainSelector].
AnalogBaseGainSelector	AnalogAll	AnalogAll	Select the analog base gain to configure.
AnalogBaseGain	0dB, 6dB, 12dB	0dB	Set the gain value for the analog base gain item selected in [AnalogBaseGainSelector].
BalanceWhiteAuto	Off, Once, ExposureOnce, Preset 5000K, Preset 6500K, Preset 7500K	Off	Enable/disable auto white balance.
AWBAreaWidth	For BinningHorizontal 1: 16 to 4096 (steps of 16) For BinningHorizontal 2: 8 to 2048 (steps of 8)	4096	When [BalanceWhiteAuto] is set to [Once], specify the width of the reference area.
AWBAreaOffsetX	For BinningHorizontal 1: 16 to 4080 (steps of 16) For BinningHorizontal 2: 8 to 2040 (steps of 8)	0	When [BalanceWhiteAuto] is set to [Once], specify the offset of the reference area.
AWBExposureOnceStatus	Succeeded. Error1-G image was too bright. Error2-G image was too dark. Error3-Timeout-error occurred. IDLE	_	When [BalanceWhiteAuto] is set to [ExposureOnce], display the status.
AWBOnceStatus	Succeeded. Error1-G image was too bright. Error2-G image was too dark. Error3-Timeout-error occurred. IDLE	_	When [BalanceWhiteAuto] is set to [Once], display the status.

	Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
Bl	ackLevelSelector	DigitalAll, DigitalRed, DigitalBlue	DigitalAll	Select the black level to configure.
	BlackLevel	DigitalAll: -133 to 255 DigitalRed: -64 to 64 DigitalBlue: -64 to 64	0	Set the black level value.
G	amma	0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65, 0.75, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	0.45	Set the gamma value.
LU	JTMode	Off, Gamma, LUT	Off	Select the LUT mode.
e)	LUTControl			Configure LUT settings.
LU	JTSelector	Red, Green, Blue	Red	Select the LUT channel to control.
	LUTIndex	0 to 256	0	Set the LUT index table number.
	LUTValue	0 to 4095	0	Set the LUT value.
f)	ColorTransformationCon	trol		Configure color space conversion settings.
Co	olorTransformationMode	RGB, XYZ, HSI	RGB	Select the color space.
Co	olorTransformationRGBMode	Off, sRGB, AdobeRGB, UserCustom	Off	Set the detailed mode when RGB is selected for the color space.
Co	olorMatrixValueSelector	ColorMatrixR-R, ColorMatrixR-G, ColorMatrixG-R, ColorMatrixG-G, ColorMatrixG-B, ColorMatrixB-R, ColorMatrixB-R, ColorMatrixB-B	-	Select the ColorMatrix setting component for UserCustom.
	ColorMatrixValue	-2 to 2	_	Specify the ColorMatrix value.
g)) DigitalIOControl			
Lii	neSelector	Line5-OptIn1, Line4-TTLIn1, Line1-TTLOut1, Line10-TTLIn2, Line13-TTLIn3, Line8-TTLOut2, Line9-TTLOut3, NAND0In1, NAND1In1, NAND0In2, NAND1In2	_	Select the input/output to configure.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
LineMode	Input, Output	_	Display the input/output status.
LineInverter	True, False	False	Enable/disable polarity inversion for the selected input signal or output signal.
LineStatus	True, False	_	Display the status of the input signal or output signal (True: High, False: Low).
LineFormat	NoConnect, TTL, OptoCoupled, InternalSignal		Display the signal format.
LineSource	Low, High, ExposureActive, LVAL, PulseGenerator0, PulseGenerator1, PulseGenerator2, PulseGenerator3, UserOutput0, UserOutput1, UserOutput2, UserOutput3 Line4-TTLIn1, Line5-OptIn1, Line7-CC1, Line10-TTL In2, NANDOOut, NAND1Out, Line13-TTL In3, EncoderTriger, EncoderDirection	_	Select the source signal.
LineStatusAll		_	Display the input/output signal status (16bits fields). Line1 TTLOut1, Line2 Unused, Line3 Unused, Line4 TTLInput1, Line5 OptIn1, Line6 Unused, Line7 CC1, Line8 TTLOut2, Line9 TTLOut3, Line10 TTLIn2, Line11 Unused, Line12 TTLOut4, Line13 TTLIn3, NAND0A, NAND0B, NAND1A, NAND1B
OptInFilterSlector	Off, 0.1 us, 1 us, 5 us, 10 us, 50 us, 100 us	Off	Remove noise from the OptIn input signal of Digital I/O.
UserOutputSelector	UserOutput0, UserOutput1, UserOutput2, UserOutput3	UserOutput0	Set the UserOutput signal.
UserOutputValue	True, False	False	Set the value for the UserOutput selected in [UserOutputSelector].

	Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
h	h) CounterAndTimerControl			Configure counter settings. (This camera supports only the counter function.)
C	ounterSelector	Counter1, Counter2, Counter3	Counter0	Select the counter.
	CounterEventSource	Counter0: Off, LineTrigger Counter1: Off, LineStart Counter2: Off, ExposureStart Counter3: Off, LineTransferEnd	Off	Assign the counter event signal for which you want to read the count value to a dedicated counter, and read the value.
	CounterEventActivation	RisingEdge	RisingEdge	The timing at which to count is fixed at [RisingEdge].
	CounterReset	_	_	Reset the counter.
	CounterRefresh	_	_	Update the count value.
	CounterValue	_	_	Display the count value.
	CounterStatus	CounterIdle, CounterActive, CounterOverflow	CounterIdle	Display the counter status. CounterIdle: Idle CounterActive: Counting CounterOverflow: Count value exceeded the maximum value
i)	UserSetControl			Configure user settings.
U	serSetSelector	Default, UserSet1, UserSet2, UserSet3	Default	Select the user settings.
	UserSetLoad	_	_	Load user settings.
	UserSetSave	-	-	Save the current setting values as user settings.
j)	TransportLayerControl			Configure transport layer control settings.
Cl	Configuration	Base, Medium, Full, EightyBit	Base	Set the CameraLink configuration.
Ci	ameraLinkClockFrequency	85MHz, 63.75MHz, 42.5MHz	85MHz	Set the CameraLink clock.
Sı	wapBandR	Off, On	Off	Specify whether to swap Blue and Red to enable support for connecting a particular grabber board.
A	dditionalInformation	Off, On	On	
C	ableEmphasis	Normal, Medium, Strong	Normal	
k)) PulseGenerators			Configure pulse generator settings.
Cl	ockPreScaler	1 to 4096	1	Set the division value for the prescaler (12 bit) using PixelClock as the base clock.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
PulseGeneratorClock(MHz)	0.0244 to 100	-	Set the clock used for the pulse generator. This value is calculated using the [ClockPreScaler] value as a base.
PulseGeneratorSelector	PulseGenerator0, PulseGenerator1, PulseGenerator2, PulseGenerator3	PulseGenerator0	Select the pulse generator.
PulseGeneratorLength	1 to 1048575	30000	Set the maximum count-up value as a clock count.
PulseGenratorLength(ms)	1/ PulseGeneratorClock (MHz) to 1048575/ PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)	66.6667	Set the maximum count-up value in milliseconds. This value is calculated using the [PulseGeneratorLength] value as a base. The setting range varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorFrequency(Hz)	0 to 1048574	15	Set the maximum count-up value as a frequency. This value is calculated using the [PulseGeneratorLength] value as a base.
PulseGeneratorStartPoint	0 to 1048574	0	Set the start point of the High interval as a clock count. When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 1.
PulseGeneratorStartPoint(ms)	0 to (1048575 / PulseGeneratorClock (MHz))	0	Set the start point of the High interval in milliseconds. When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 1. The setting range varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorEndPoint	1 to 1048575	15000	Set the start point of the Low interval as a clock count. When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 0.
PulseGeneratorEndPoint(ms)	(1 / PulseGeneratorClock (MHz)) to (1048575 / PulseGeneratorClock(MHz))	33.3333	Set the start point of the Low interval in milliseconds. When the counter reaches this value, the output will be 0. The setting range varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorPulseWdth(ms)	_	33.3333	Display the High interval width of the pulse in milliseconds. The duration between the StartPoint and EndPoint is calculated. The setting range varies depending on the [ClockPreScaler] value.
PulseGeneratorRepeatCount	0 to 255	0	Set the repeat count for the counter. When this is set to [0], a free counter is enabled with no repeat limit.
PulseGeneratorClearActivation	Off, LevelHigh, LevelLow, RisingEdge, FallingEdge	Off	Set the clear signal condition for the count clear input of the pulse generator.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
PulseGeneratorClearSource	Low, High, ExposureActive, LVAL, PulseGenerator0, PulseGenerator1, PulseGenerator2, PulseGenerator3, UserOutput0, UserOutput1, UserOutput2, UserOutput3, Line4-TTLIn1, Line5-OptIn1, Line10-TTLIn2, NANDOOut, NAND1Out, Line13-TTLIn3, EncoderTriger, EncoderDirection	Low	Select the count clear input signal source.
PulseGeneratorClearInverter	True, False	False	Select whether to invert the polarity of the count clear input signal.
PulseGeneratorClearSyncMode	AsyncMode, SyncMode	AsyncMode	Select the sync mode for the count clear input signal.
I) JAICustomControlShading	,	'	Configure shading correction settings.
ShadingCorrectionMode	FlatShading, ColorShading	FlatShading	Select the shading correction method.
ShadingMode	Off, User1, User2, User3	Off	Set the area to which to save shading correction data. When this is set to [Off], shading correction data is not saved.
PerformShadingCalibration	_	_	Execute shading correction.
ShadingDetectResult	Condition Error, Too Dark, Too Bright, Correction Limit, Complete	-	Display the shading correction results.
ShadingDataSelector	Green, Red, Blue	Green	Read the shading correction data, and set the target sensor for modification.
ShadingDataIndex	1 to 1024	1	Set the number of shading correction index tables.
ShadingData	0 to 32767	_	Display the shading correction results.
ShadingDataUpdate	-	-	
ShadingDataSave	_	_	
m) JAICustomControlPixel	Correction		Configure settings related to the correction function for non-uniformity in black levels between pixels.
PixelBlackCorrectionMode	Off, Default, User1, User2, User3	Default	Select the user area to which to save the black level correction value.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description
PerformPixelBlackCalibration	-	_	Generate black level correction data automatically from the captured image.
			Caution When [PixelBlackCorrectionMode] is set to [Off] or [Default] and a test pattern is being output instead of an image, this command cannot be executed.
PixelBlackDetectResult	_	_	Display the results of [PerformPixelGainBlackCalibration] execution. The results will be one of the following. Succeeded, Image too bright, Image too dark, Timeout error
PixelGainCorrectionMode	Off, Default, User1, User2, User3	Default	Select the user area to which to save the gain correction value.
PerformPixelGainCalibration	_	_	Generate gain correction data automatically from the captured image.
			Caution When [PixelBlackCorrectionMode] is set to [Off] or [Default] and a test pattern is being output instead of an image, this command cannot be executed.
PixelGainDetectResult	_	_	Display the results of [PerformPixelGainCorrectionCalibration] execution. The results will be one of the following. Success, Image too bright, Image too dark, Timeout error
n) JAICustomControlImagi	ngSetup	•	
HorizontalImageMirroring	Off, On	Off	Specify whether to mirror the image horizontally.

Item	Setting range	Default value	Description	
o) JAICustomControlVideol	o) JAICustomControlVideoProcess			
ChromaticAberrationCorrectionMode	Off, Lens1, Lens2, Lens3	Off	Correct the color aberration tha occurs at the left and right edges due to lens characteristics.	
ChromaticAberrationCorrectionSelector	RChannel, BChannel	RChannel	Specify the channel for which to perform[ChromaticAberration CorrectionLens1,2,3].	
ChromaticAberrationCorrection Lens1,2,3	-4.0 to +4.0 (steps of 0.1)	0	Set the amount of correction for [ChromaticAberrationCorrectionLens1,2,3].	
p) EncoderControl				
EncoderSourceA	Line5-OptIn1, Line4-TTLIn1, Line10-TTLIn2, Line13-TTLIn3	Line5-OptIn1	Select where to input the signal from the rotary encoder.	
EncoderSourceB	Line5-OptIn1, Line4-TTLIn1, Line10-TTLIn2, Line13-TTLIn3	Line5-OptIn1	Select where to input the signal from the rotary encoder.	
EncoderDivider	1 to 4294967295	65536	Set the number of triggers to be generated during one pitch of the rotary encoder. The number of triggers is 65536 / (set value).	
EncoderFilter	0 to 15	0	Apply a low-pass filter to prevent noise on the signal from the rotary encoder and stabilize the signal for the specified number of cycles.	
EncoderStrobe	1 to 256	1	Set the strobe length of the Trigger signal generated from the rotary encoder by the number of cycles	

Miscellaneous

Troubleshooting

Check the following before requesting help. If the problem persists, contact your local JAI distributor.

■ Power supply and connections

Problem	Cause and solution
The POWER/TRIG LED remains lit amber and does not turn green, even after power is supplied to the camera.	 A drop in voltage may have occurred due to the length of the power cable. Check whether input voltage specification for the camera is being met. Check that the sufficient power is being provided at the power supply in regards to the camera's power usage. Check the power cable connection.

■ Image display

Problem	Cause and solution
Gradation in dark areas is not noticeable.	Use the gamma function to correct the display. As the light-emitting properties of the monitor are not linear, the entire image may be darker or the gradation in the dark areas may be less noticeable when camera outputs are displayed without processing. Using the gamma function performs correction to produce a display that is close to linear. For details, see "LUT (Lookup Table) / Gamma Function" (page 32).

■ Settings and operations

Problem	Cause and solution
I want to restore the factory default	To restore the factory default settings, select
settings.	[Loadsettings] in the [Settings] menu of the
	[SW-4000TL-PMCL Control Tool] window, select
	[Factory] in the dialog box that appears, and click [OK].

Specifications

Image sensor	Three 4096 pixel line sensors		
_	Effective pixels	4096 pixel x 3 (R, G, B)	
	Pixel size	mode A : 7.5 μm × 7.5 μm mode B : 7.5 μm ×10.5 μm	
Camera Link clock	42.5/63.75/85 MHz	42.5/63.75/85 MHz	
Line rate	66 Hz - 67.7 kHz		
Video S/N ratio	55 dB or more (when Gain = 0	dB)	
PRNU	Post-correction: Within ±1% (c	during 100% output)	
DSNU	Post-correction: Within ±5% (c	during 0% output)	
Gain	Analog Base Gain: 0 dB, 6 dB, 12 dB Digtal: IndividualGainMode Off: DigitalAll 0 dB to 18 dB DigitalRed -7.96 dB to 12 dB DigitalBlue -7.96 dB to 12 dB IndividualGainMode On: DigitalGreen 0 dB to 24 dB DigitalRed 0 dB to 24 dB DigitalBlue 0 dB to 24 dB		
Black level (user settings)	Manual DigitalAll: -133 to +255 LSB (during 12-bit) DigitalRed: -64 to +64 LSB (during 12-bit) DigitalBlue: -64 to +64 LSB (during 12-bit) Default setting: Output black level at 0 (33LSB during 10-bit)		
Image output	Digital video output (Camera Link) Base: RGB8 Medium: RGB8, RGB10 Full: RGB8 80bit(Deca): RGB8 Default: Base: RGB8		
Variable line rate	Supported (for Exposure Mode OFF mode / internal trigger mode or Shutter select mode / internal trigger mode) Variable range: 66 Hz to 67.7 kHz Variable unit: 0.1Hz The black level may vary with longer line rates, due to the increase in dark currents.		
Electronic shutter	Supported (during shutter select mode) Variable range: 3 µs to 15.148 ms Variable unit: 0.01 µs		
Test pattern	Available Off, White, GrayPattern1(Ramp), GrayPattern2(Stripe), ColorBar		
Synchronization	Internal		
Image processing	 Pixel sensitivity correction: Pixel correction (DSNU, PRNU) Shading correction: ColorShading, FlatShading LUT: OFF: γ = 1.0, ON: 257 points can be set Gamma: 0.45, 0.5, 0.55, 0.6, 0.65, 0.75, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0 (9 steps available) 		
Operation mode	 Exposure Mode OFF mode (Internal/External trigger) Shutter select mode (Internal/External trigger) PWC (External trigger) 		
Trigger inputs	12-pin: TTL input, 10-pin: TTL input Camera Link: LVDS (CC1) Positive / negative logic switchable. Minimum trigger width: CameraLink 3µs / TTL In 50ns		

Synchronous output (when the terminal is open)	Camera Link	• LVAL (Camera Link Tx24), DVAL (Camera LinkTx25), EEN (Camera Link Tx26)
	12-pin	XEEN (negative logic) 4.0 Vp-p (when there is no termination)
	10-pin	
Communication interface	EIA-644: Camera Link Communication rate: 9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps, 115200 bps	
Field update	Supported	
Power supply voltage	12 pin	DC Input range: +12 V to +24 V ±10%Power consumption: 9.3 W (at 12 V input, full pixel, Default setting, Environmental temperature 25°C) (Typical) 14.5W (Maximum)
Lens mount	M52 mount, F mount	
Flange back	M52 mount: 46.5 mm (in air), tolerance: 0 mm to -0.05 mm F mount: 46.5 mm, tolerance: 0 mm to -0.05 mm	
Operating temperature / humidity	-5°C to +45°C / 20% to 80% (non-condensing)	
Storage temperature / humidity	-25°C to +60°C / 20% to 80% (non-condensing)	
Vibration resistance	10G (20 Hz to 200 Hz XYZ directions)	
Impact resistance	50G	
Standard compliance	CE (EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3) ROHS/WEEE FCC Part15 Class B	
Dimensions	$90 \times 90 \times 90$ mm (WHD; excluding mount and protrusions)	
Weight	765 g	
Connectors / LEDs	Mini Camera Link	Model: HDR-EC26FYTG2-SLt × 2 Function: video output / communication / external trigger / EEN ❖ Positive polarity for EEN (polarity switching not possible)
	12-pin	Model: HR10A-10R-12PB (71) (or equivalent) Function: power supply input / communication / external trigger / EEN Negative polarity for EEN (polarity switching not possible)
	10-pin	Model: Camera side: Equivalent to Hirose Electronic 3260-10S3(55) Cable side: Equivalent to Hirose Electronic 3240-10P-C(50) Function: communication
	LED	Function: Power on, trigger input indicator

Package contents (standard)

Camera body (1) Sensor protection cap (1) Dear Customer (sheet) (1)

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice. Approximately 30 minutes of warm-up are required to achieve these specifications.

Caution -

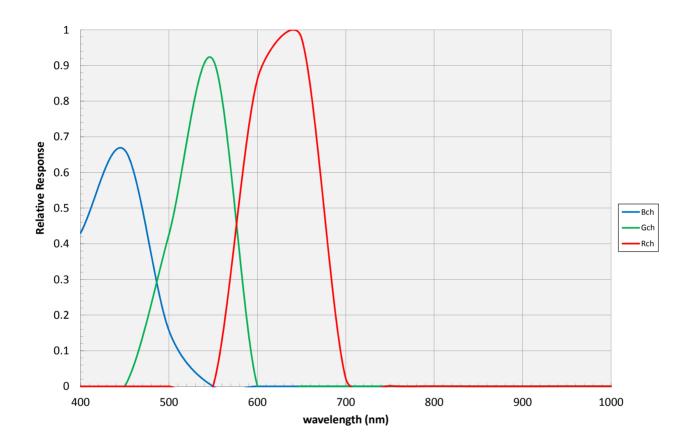
About the verified performance temperature

Make sure the following temperature conditions are met when operating the unit.

- 1) The camera's internal temperature sensor detects temperatures of 67° C or less during operation.
- 2) The top surface of the camera's casing is 57°C or less.

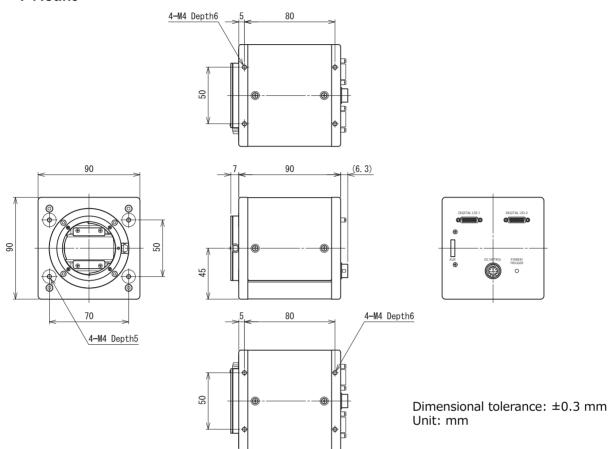
If the above temperature conditions are exceeded, take measures to dissipate heat according to your installation environment and conditions.

Spectral Response

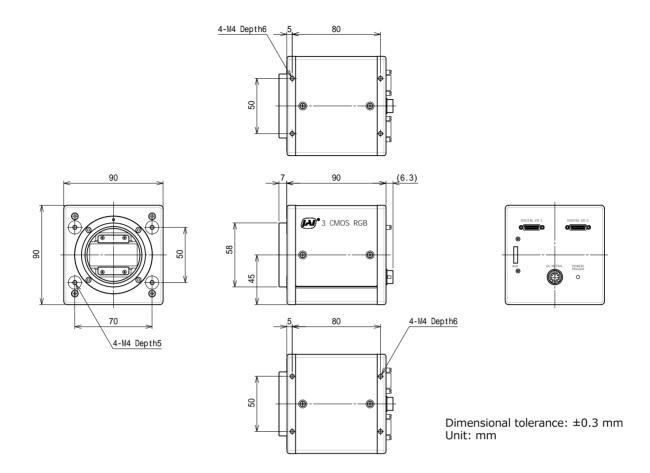


Dimensions

F Mount



M52 Mount



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Comparison of the Decibel Display and Multiplier Display

Decibels[db]	Multipliers[x]	Remarks
-6	0.501	
-5	0.562	
-4	0.631	
-3	0.708	
-2	0.794	
-1	0.891	
0	1	
1	1.122	
2	1.259	
3	1.413	
4	1.585	
5	1.778	
6	1.995	
7	2.239	
8	2.512	
9	2.818	
10	3.162	
11	3.548	
12	3.981	
13	4.467	
14	5.012	
15	5.623	
16	6.31	
17	7.079	
18	7.943	
19	8.913	
20	10	
21	11.22	
22	12.589	
23	14.125	
24	15.849	
25	17.783	
26	19.953	
27	22.387	
28	25.119	
29	28.184	
30	31.623	
31	35.481	
32	39.811	
33	44.668	
34	50.119	
35	56.234	
36	63.096	

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Revision history

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0	Jun. 2018	First version
1.0	Juli. 2016	FIIST VEISION